FISCAL YEAR 2018 AGRICULTURE APPROPRIATIONS REQUESTS TRIBAL COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES



Appropriations Bill: AGRICULTURE

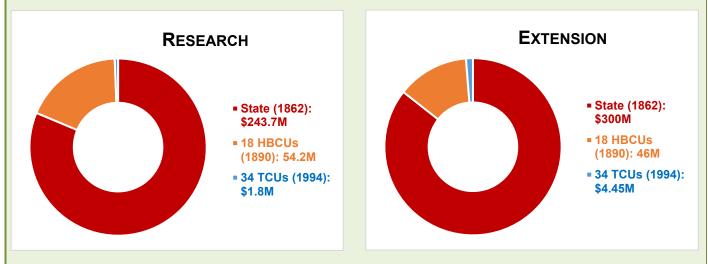
Agencies: NIFA and Rural Development

AUTHORIZATION/TCU PROGRAM	FY 2016 Final	FY 2018 BUDGET REQUEST	FY 2018 AIHEC REQUEST
Equity in Educational Land Grant Status Act [7 USC 301 note]			
1994 Institutions Extension Program (NIFA)	\$4,446,000	\$4,446,000	\$7,000,000
1994 Institutions Research Program (NIFA)	\$1,801,000	\$1,801,000	\$4,000,000
1994 Institutions Equity Payment (NIFA)	\$3,439,000	\$3,439,000	\$4,000,000
Native American Endowment Payment (NIFA)	\$11,880,000	\$11,880,000	\$136,000,000 corpus payment only annual interest yield is scored (FY 2016 gross interest = \$4.7 M)
Consolidated Farm & Rural Development Act [7 USC 1926(a)]			
TCU Essential Community Facilities (RD)	\$4,000,000	\$0	\$8,000,000

In Comparison: Research: In FY 2017, the 1862 land-grants (state) research program (Hatch Act) received \$243.7M; research at the 1890s (18 HBCUs) received \$54.2M; and the research grants for 1994s (34 TCUs) received \$1.8M

Extension: In FY 2017, Congress appropriated \$476M for extension activities. The **1862s** (state) received **\$300M** in *formula* driven extension funds; **1890s** (18 HBCUs) received **\$46M**, *also formula driven*; and **1994s** (34 TCUs) received **\$4.45M** for competitively awarded grants.

Additionally, the **1994 land-grants** are the only land-grant institutions that are prohibited from competing for over \$85.5M in Smith-Lever 3(d) grant funds, including FRTEP and the Children, Youth, Families at Risk program (CYFAR).



These stark inequities cannot be justified or allowed to continue. The first Americans, last to join the nation's landgrant family, deserve parity. We propose both doubling of the endowment corpus to provide about \$10M in interest income, and to afford the 1994's other NIFA programs increased funding as a step to addressing this inequity.